## QerIS. Designed for Peliatric and Adut Patients

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

|  | PRODUCT NUMBER | $\underset{\text { PERBOX }}{\text { UNITS }}$ | balloon size diameter x length | Length | MAXIMUM INFLATION PRESSURE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | KG0530 | 1 | $5 \mathrm{~mm} \times 30 \mathrm{~mm}$ | 55 cm | 17 atm |
|  | KG0630 | 1 | $6 \mathrm{~mm} \times 30 \mathrm{~mm}$ | 55 cm | 17 atm |
|  | KG0730 | 1 | $7 \mathrm{~mm} \times 30 \mathrm{~mm}$ | 55 cm | 17 atm |
|  | KG0830 | 1 | $8 \mathrm{~mm} \times 30 \mathrm{~mm}$ | 55 cm | 17 atm |
|  | KG0930 | 1 | $9 \mathrm{~mm} \times 30 \mathrm{~mm}$ | 55 cm | 17 atm |
|  | KG1030 | 1 | $10 \mathrm{~mm} \times 30 \mathrm{~mm}$ | 55 cm | 17 atm |
|  | KG1240 | 1 | $12 \mathrm{~mm} \times 40 \mathrm{~mm}$ | 55 cm | 10 atm |
|  | KG1440 | 1 | $14 \mathrm{~mm} \times 40 \mathrm{~mm}$ | 55 cm | 10 atm |
|  | KG1640 | 1 | $16 \mathrm{~mm} \times 40 \mathrm{~mm}$ | 55 cm | 10 atm |
|  | KG1840 | 1 | $18 \mathrm{~mm} \times 40 \mathrm{~mm}$ | 55 cm | 10 atm |
|  | QL2530 | 1 | Disposable Infla | vice |  |

Federal Supply Schedule Contract Number: V797D-60693

## aeris.

## Next Generation Airway Dilation

## DESIGNED FOR PEDIATRIC \& ADULT PATIENTS

Maximize outcomes and minimize risks with the Aeris® Balloon Dilation System.

Conceived by an airway surgeon, Aeris ${ }^{\circ}$ addresses the issues of slippage in airway stenosis. The exclusive non-slip design of the Aeris ${ }^{\circ}$ balloon ensures safe and controlled dilation of the airway.

## NON-COMPLIANT BALLOON

Aeris' Non-Compliant balloon provides evenly distributed radial expansive force over the circumference of the stenosis, allowing the Aeris ${ }^{\oplus}$ to apply the greatest pressure to achieve full dilation at the narrowest points of stenosis.
broadest range of balloon sizes Aeris ${ }^{\circledR}$ offers the broadest range of Non-Compliant balloon sizes available. Physicians can treat both pediatric and adult patients with confidence.

## COST EFFECTIVE

Aeris ${ }^{\circledR}$ catheters are sold in single packs, allowing hospitals to effectively manage par levels.

SINGLE LUMEN CATHETER
Aeris ${ }^{\circledR}$ single lumen catheter allows for rapid inflation and deflation times, up to three times faster than competitors

COLOR CODED LUER LOCKS The balloon catheter luer locks are color coded to match the proper atm setting on the Aeris inflation gauge, reducing the occurrence of improper inflatio occurrence of improper inflation. Aeris ${ }^{\ominus}$ simplifies decision making

pressures indicated on the dial.


## Exclusive

Non-Slip Design

Under direct laryngoscopic visualization, the Aeris ${ }^{\ominus}$ catheter is passed through
the glottis and is centered the glottis and is center
overthe stenosis.

A narrow rod telescope is introduced to confirm the
balloon is centered within the stenosis. With the telescope in place, the
balloon is inflated to the target pressure.

## The exclusive non-slip

 design of the Aeris ${ }^{\ominus}$ controlled dilation.

## $\sim$

INTELLIGENT SIZING
FOR PEDIATRIC \& ADULT PATIENTS

| patient <br> AGE | Age <br> Appropriate <br> ETT (uncuffed)* | OD on ETT (mm) | DILATION GOAL Diameterof Larnnx ( (m) | dilation GOAL <br> Diameter of Trachea $(\mathrm{mm})$ , |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Premature $<30$ weeks | 2.5 mm | 3.6 |  | 5 |
| Premature $>30$ weeks | 3.0 mm | 4.3 | 5 | 6 |
| Neonates | 3.5 mm | 4.9 | 6 | 7 |
| 1 Year | 4.0 mm | 5.6 | 6 | 7 |
| 2 Years | 4.5 mm | 6.2 | 7 | 8 |
| 4 Years | 5.0 mm | 6.9 | 8 | 9 |
| 6 Years | 5.5 mm | 7.5 | 8-9 | 9-10 |
| 8 years | 6.0 mm | 8.2 | 8-9 | 10 |
| 10 Years | 6.5 mm | 8.9 | 10 | 10-12 |
| 12 Years | 7.0 mm | 9.5 | 10-12 | 12-14 |
| 14 Years | $7.0-7.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ | 10.2 | 12 | 12-14 |
| 16 Years | $7.0-8.0 \mathrm{~mm}$ | 11 | 12 | 14-16 |
| Adult Female | $7.0-8.0 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  | 12-14 | 14-16 |
| Adult Male | $7.5-8.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  | 14-16 | 16-18 |

Formula: Toke the outer diameter of an age approoriate endotracheal tube

Sizing shown is a general guidelinin for rordering.
Each potient must be assessed byy surgeon prior to use

